



Biosolids & PFAS Considerations A Utility Perspective

Engineering & Environmental Services

Malcolm Taylor, PhD, P.E.
Principal Environmental Engineer
WSSC Water

October 24, 2023





PFAS is everywhere

PFAS chemicals contained in everyday products



Dust in Daycare Center

142 parts per billion (ppb)



Microwave Popcorn Bag

68 – 167 ppb



Fire Training Center

695 ppb



Foundation Makeup

2,370 ppb

In addition, all kinds organic waste can contribute to low levels of PFAS found in many common soil amendments

Municipal organic waste recycling programs allow yard waste, food waste and food soiled paper (e.g., fast food wrappers)

These waste streams contain PFAS

PFAS ends up in downstream compost, fertilizers, and biosolids

* 1 part per billion is equivalent to 1 second in 31.7 years



Mary Wetterling named the water dispenser at her French Island, Wis., home "Aqua Maria." *Angela Major/WPR*

DNR says bottled water companies aren't required to test for PFAS in Wisconsin

Lack of federal and state standards creates a gap in testing for bottled water



CONTEXT

CLEAN CARS, HIDDEN TOLL

Demand for EVs, and the bauxite they require, fuels misery in Guinea

STORY BY RACHEL CHASON

PHOTOGRAPHY BY CHLOE SHARROCK

IN KAGBANI, GUINEA

Benefits of land applied biosolids

- Locally sourced, renewable nutrient source (N & P)
- Low-cost alternative to commercial fertilizers
- Conditions soil with organic carbon

THE PHOSPHATE INDUSTRY THREATENS OUR WATER

**10 MILLION
PEOPLE**

DEPEND ON THE FLORIDAN
AQUIFER AS THEIR PRIMARY SOURCE OF
DRINKING WATER.

PHOSPHATE MINING ACTIVITY
(AND PHOSPHOGYPSUM STACKS)
OCCUR OVER A **VULNERABLE**
AREA OF THE FLORIDAN AQUIFER.

FLORIDA DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
ASSESSMENT OF FLORIDAN AQUIFER VULNERABILITY



MORE VULNERABLE

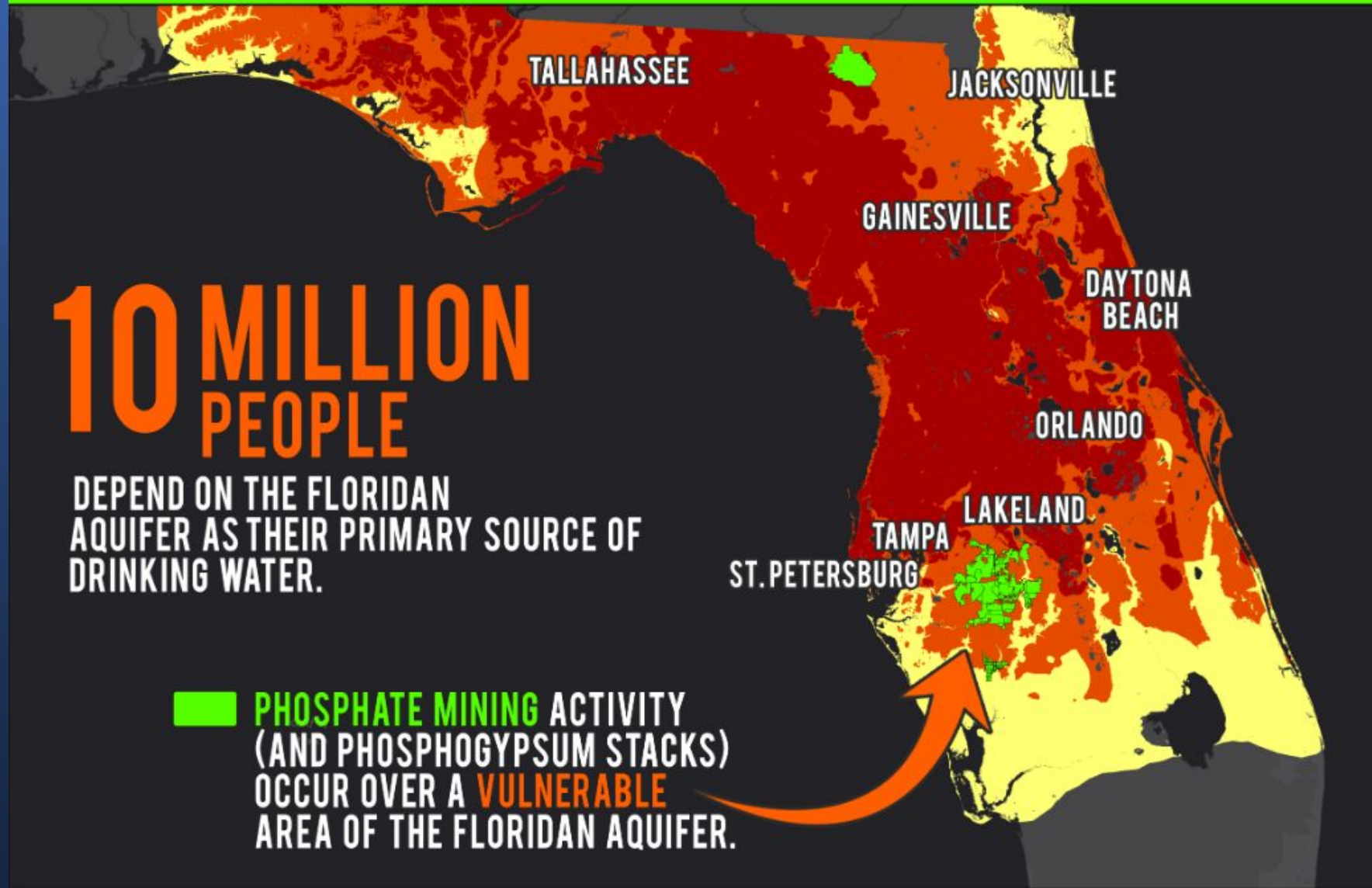


VULNERABLE

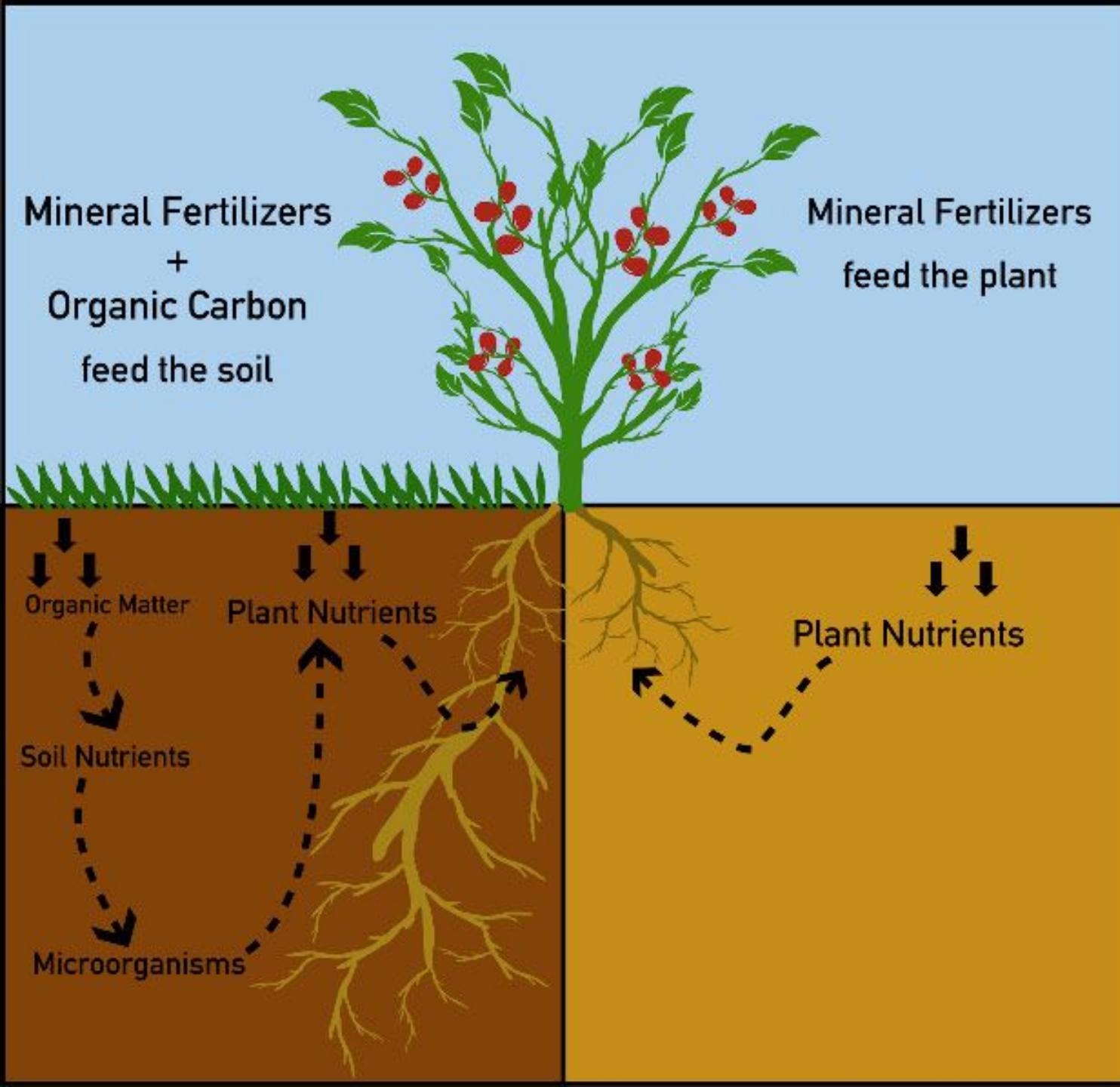


LESS VULNERABLE

The vulnerability of the aquifer system to surface sources of contamination are based on factors such as depth to water table, hydraulic head difference, thickness of confinement, distance to karst features, soil permeability, and aquifer system overburden. Water usage data from USGS Circular 1278.







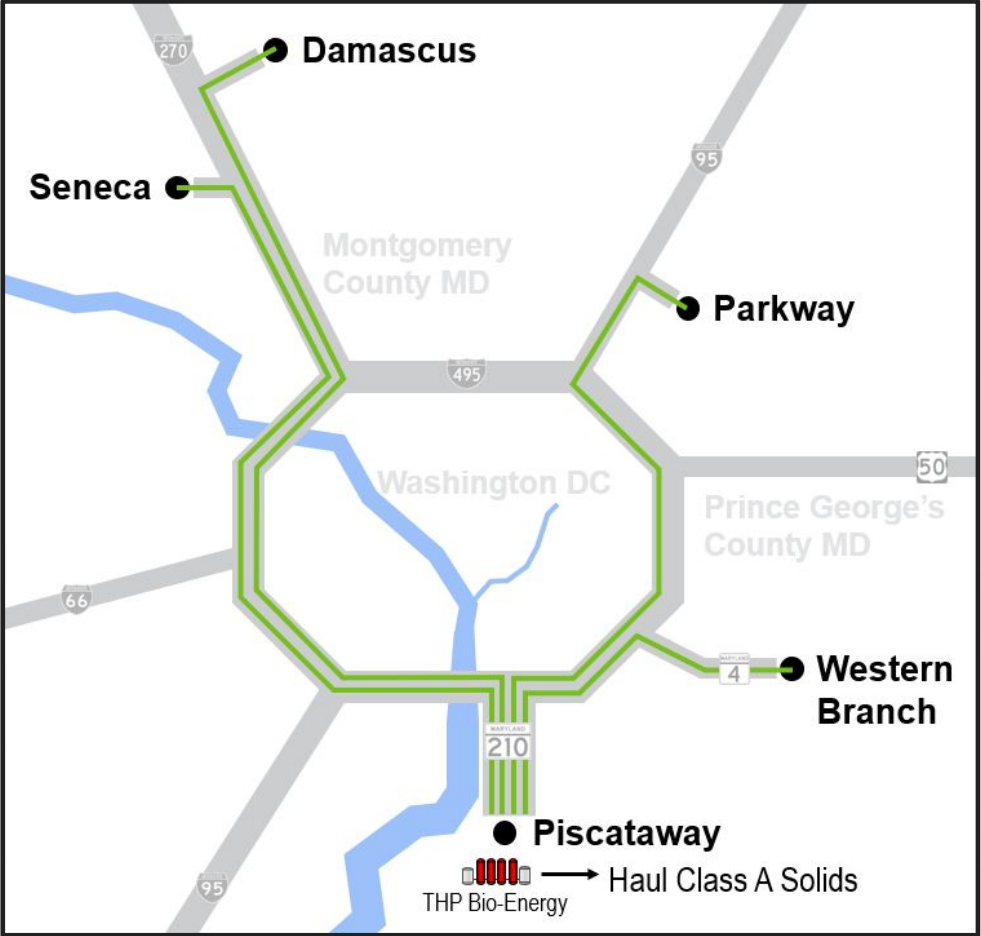
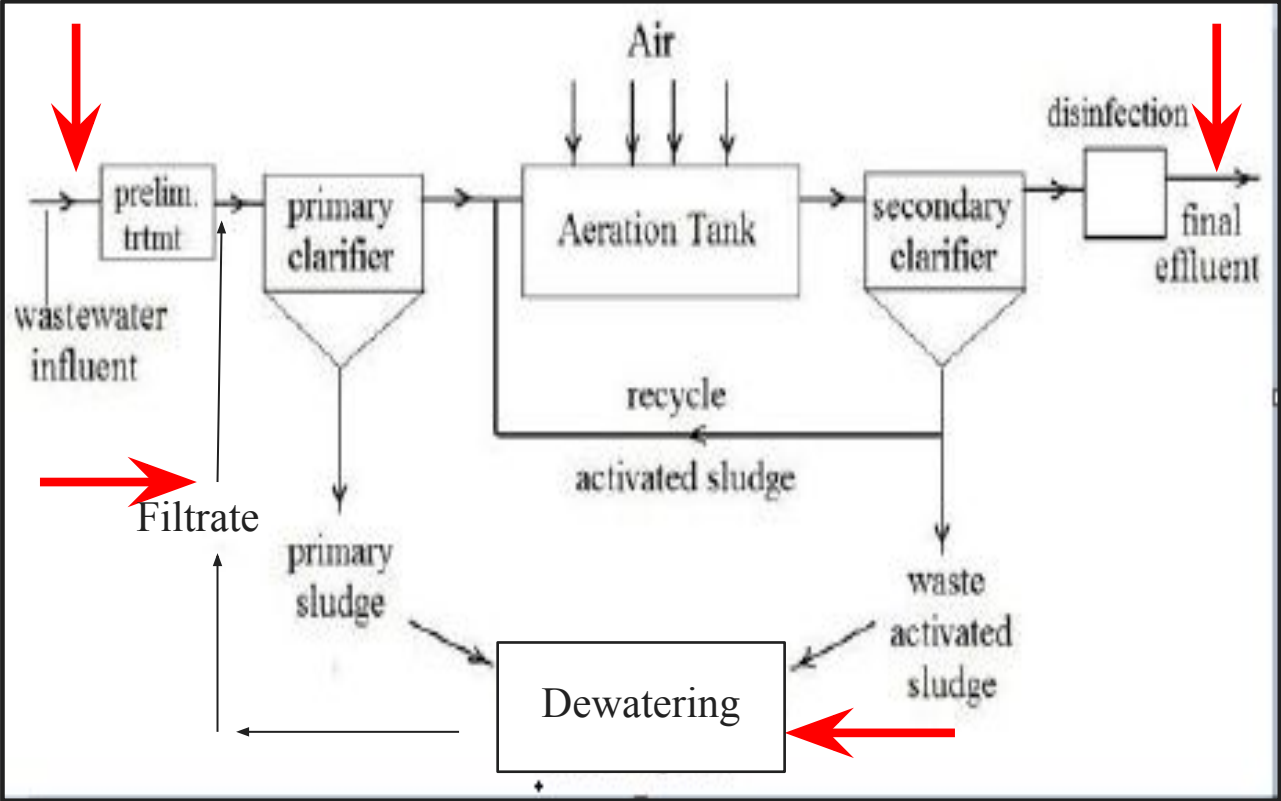
40-60%

In the last century, many of our agricultural soils have lost 40-60% of the basic building block that makes them productive – organic carbon.





PFAS Monitoring & Source Tracking



Research & Collaboration Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS)



Research – Water Research Foundation (WRF)

Understanding Pyrolysis for PFAS Removal



Water / Wastewater Industry Task Forces and Workgroups

- Northwest Biosolids Association -Research Committee
- Water Environment Federation - PFAS Task Force
- Mid Atlantic Biosolids Association - PFAS Focus Group
- Midwest Biosolids Association - Emerging Contaminants Committee
- Water Research Foundation – Funding for PFAS removal / treatment studies
- New York Water Env. Association Emerging Contaminants Task Force
- Northeast Biosolids Research Association -Research Committee

Responsible reporting on efforts to end land application of biosolids should provide context including the ubiquitous nature of PFAS throughout society, the benefits of land applied biosolids, industry research efforts and the consequences and costs of prohibition

QUESTIONS?

Speaker Contact Information

William Toffey
Effluent Synergies, LLC
effluent@gmail.com
215-407-1998

Erica McKenzie
Temple University
erica.mckenzie@temple.edu
215-204-6093

Ian Pepper
University of Arizona
ipepper@ag.arizona.edu
520-307-4396

Malcolm Taylor
WSSC Water - Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission
malcolm.taylor@wsscwater.com
240-636-3746